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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/829,317	04/21/2004	Wen-Kuen Chen	E0523-00059	5674
8933 7590 12/20/2006 DUANE MORRIS, LLP IP DEPARTMENT			EXAMINER	
			DINH, TRINH VO	
30 SOUTH 17TH STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103-4196		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2821	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		12/20/2006	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/829,317	CHEN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Trinh Vo Dinh	2821				
The MAILING DATE of this commu Period for Reply	nication appears on the cover sheet v	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD I WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE I Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum so Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN is of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a munication.  Itatutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC is will, by statute, cause the application to become become become	IICATION. The reply be timely filed  ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 14 November 2006.					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition	n for allowance except for formal ma	tters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5-11,14,17 and 18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-2,5-11,14,17-18</u> is/are r	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-2,5-11,14,17-18</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restr	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)□ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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·	•					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)  Other:					
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20061212				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This is a response to amendment filed 11/14/2006. Applicant's arguments with respect to 102 rejections based on Chao have not been persuasive. Therefore, the rejections of claims 1-2 based on Chao are retained and repeated for the following reasons. In addition, the amended claims 1 and 14 have been rejected under 102(b) by a new reference as discussed below.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 5 and 11 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chao et al (US 7,030,552 of record).

Respecting claims 1 and 5, Chao discloses organic light-emitting diode structures (Figs. 1-2) forming an array, each of the organic diode structures comprising first and second anodes (110, 110 in Fig. 1, or 210, 211 in Fig. 2), first and second organic light emitting layers (120, 120, or 220, 221) disposed between the first and second anodes, and a common electrode (130 or 230) disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers (103), wherein the first light-emitting layer is for substantially emitting light in a first direction and the second organic light-emitting layer is for substantially emitting light in a second direction opposite to the first direction (cols 3-4).

Respecting claim 2 and 11, Chao discloses light being emitted from at least

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one of the first and second organic light-layers (120, 120, or 220, 221) when an electric current is passed between one of the first and the second anodes and common electrode.

3. Claims 1, 2, 5 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yoshimura Motomu (JP 2000-058260).

Respecting claims 1 and 5, Yoshimura discloses, in Figs. 1-2 and abstract, organic light-emitting diode structures forming an array, each of the organic diode structures comprising first and second anodes (1, 1), first and second organic light emitting layers (2,2) disposed between the first and second anodes, and a common electrode (3) disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers (2, 2), wherein the first light-emitting layer is for substantially emitting light in a first direction and the second organic light-emitting layer is for substantially emitting light in a second direction opposite to the first direction (abstract).

Respecting claim 2 and 11, Yoshimura discloses light being emitted from at least one of the first and second organic light-layers (2, 2) when an electric current is passed between one of the first and the second anodes (1, 1) and the common electrode (3).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chao or Yoshimura in view of Wang (US 6,043,478 of record).

Respecting claim 6, Chao or Yoshimura discloses every feature of the claimed invention

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except transistors. Wang discloses a first transistor (M1) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures (Fig. 4), and a second transistor (M2) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Chao or Yoshimura's display with transistors as taught by Wang in order to drive pixels of organic structures.

Respecting claim 7-10, Wang discloses, in Fig. 4, the first transistor (S 1) being coupled to one of the first and the second anodes of the organic light-emitting diode structures while the second transistor (M2) being coupled to the other one of the first and the second anodes of the organic light-emitting diode structures. Wang further discloses a third transistor (M4, M3) coupled to the first and the second transistors (S 1, S2), the first and the second transistors drive the organic light-emitting diode structures, and the third switch (M3, M4) switching the first and second transistors (M1, M2).

6. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kontogeorgakis et al (US 6,822,611 of record) in view of Chao or Yoshimura.

Respecting claim 14, Kontogeorgakis discloses, in Fig. 4, a telecommunication device comprising a main body (12), a flip-up door (14), and a display (16) beneath the. flip-up door. However, Kontogeorgakis does not suggest the display comprising diode structures which each structure including anodes, organic light-emitting layers and an electrode. Chao or Yoshimura discloses the display comprising the organic light-emitting diode structures as discussed above in claim 1. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ Komatsu's structure to communication

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device of Kontogeorgakis. Doing so would reduce display size to reduce an emission area (Komatsu: col. 3, lines 3-5).

7. Claims 17-18 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kontogeorgakis as modified by Chao or Yoshimura, and further in view of Wang (US 6,043,478 of record).

Respecting claim 17, Kontogeorgakis as modified by Chao or Yoshimura discloses every feature of the claimed invention except transistors. Wang discloses a first transistor (M1) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures (Fig. 4), and a second transistor (M2) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Chao's display with transistors as taught by Wang in order to drive pixels of organic structures.

Respecting claim 18, Wang further discloses a third transistor (M4, M3) coupled to the first and the second transistors (S 1, S2).

### Response to the arguments

- 7. With respect to claims 1, 5 and 14, Applicant argues that the Chao reference fails to teach a common electrode. The examiner respectively disagreed. Chao discloses a common electrode (130 in Fig. 1, or 230 in Fig. 2) disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers (120 in Fig. 1, or 220 in Fig. 2). Since Chao discloses all claimed limitations. Therefore, 102 rejections of claims 1, 5 and 14 are proper.
- 8. With respect to the rejections of dependent claims 2, 6-11 and 17-18 which employing the additional teaching of Chao and Wang, Applicant has not offer any specific argument

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thereagainst. Accordingly, no further comments concerning the rejections of the dependent claims are necessary.

#### Conclusion

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

### **Inquiry**

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Trinh Vo Dinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-1821. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30AM to 6:00PM. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art unit 2821 December 12, 2006

TRINH DINH
PRIMARY EXAMINER